### Learning From Hydrological Models' Challenges: A Case Study from the Nelson Basin Model Intercomparison **Project**

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#### This README file gives a brief description of the used datasets (inputs and outputs) of this study. For more detailed explanation, please refer to the journal article.

**Data Repository** 

currently available hydrological models. Comparison studies are often limited to well-behaved hydrological

western Canada due to the difficulty in simulating that region's complex cold region hydrology with varying

regimes, where rainfall-runoff processes dominate the hydrological response. These efforts have not covered

# Intercomparison studies play an important, but limited role in understanding the usefulness and limitations of

**Abstract:** 

spatiotemporal contributing areas. This intercomparison study is the first of a series of studies under the intercomparison project of the international and interprovincial transboundary Nelson-Churchill River Basin (NCRB) in North America (Nelson-MIP), which encompasses different ecozones with major areas of the non-contributing Prairie potholes, forests, glaciers, mountains, and permafrost. The performance of eight hydrological and land surface models is compared at different unregulated watersheds within the NCRB. This is done to assess the models' streamflow performance and overall fidelity without and with calibration, to capture the underlying physics of the region and to better understand why models struggle to accurately simulate its hydrology. Results show that some of the participating models have difficulties in simulating streamflow and/or internal hydrological variables (e.g., evapotranspiration) over Prairie watersheds but most models performed well elsewhere. This stems from model structural deficiencies, despite the various models being well calibrated to observed streamflow. Some model structural changes are identified for the participating models for future improvement. The outcomes of this study offer guidance for practitioners for the accurate prediction of NCRB streamflow, and for increasing confidence in future projections of water resource supply and management. Licenses/restrictions placed on the data: This dataset is made available under a custom license. Please refer to the LICENSE.txt file for the full terms of use.

Citation (Data Publication): To be updated

This directory contains information related to the Nelson-Churchill River Basin (NCRB) study area

This directory contains csv files that hold information about the selected observed flow gauges and their

https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt) databases for this study. The streamflow data were extracted from the WSC

full simulation period (from Jan-2000 to Dec-2017) in m<sup>3</sup>/sec. Missing values are replaced with -9999.

flag to show which models simulated the specific gauge (Y). This is Table S10 in the supplemental file.

• Natural gauge stn Qobs phase 0-1 cms.csv: observed streamflow values for the 132 selected gauges for the

• Simulated Phase 0-1 gauges by models.csv: metadata of the 132 selected gauges for this study along with a

and USGS databases using the tidyhydat (Albers, 2017) and dataRetrieval (Cicco et al., 2022) R packages,

This repository contains the following directories:

02\_input\_datasets 03\_verification\_datasets

Citation (Journal Publication): To be updated

• 04\_model\_results

• 01\_study\_area

- A description of the contents of each directory is provided below.
- 01 study area

gauges\_obs\_flows

#### metadata. The data for the streamflow gauging stations were derived from the Water Survey of Canada (WSC; https://wateroffice.ec.gc.ca/search/historical\_e.html) and United States Geological Survey (USGS;

respectively, and were converted to m<sup>3</sup>/sec.

shapefiles This directory contains different ESRI shapefiles of the study area. These shapefiles were obtained by delineating the MERIT Hydro DEM (explained below)

• NCRB\_boundary.zip: Boundary of the NCRB. NCRB\_major\_basins.zip: Major basins of the NCRB. • Phase 0-1 subbasins rivers gauges zip: The selected watersheds' (subbasins') boundary, rivers, and outflow

gauges.

- 02 input datasets

formats for the convenience of the participating modelling teams.

acronym

SICL

A standardized set of geophysical data and meteorological/climate forcing data (provided in this directory) were used by the participating models in the Nelson-MIP study for model setup. The same datasets must be used by future users/contributors to ensure consistency and fair comparison with the published results from the participating models. The datasets were cropped to the NCRB and were aggregated or re-produced in different

#### This directory contains the soil texture classification based on the USDA method averaged for the entire soil column (0~2.296 m, used by most participating models) using the GSDE soil data (Shangguan et al., 2014). The

Cell value (raster .tif)

4

5

GSDE\_soil\_data

C clay silty clay SIC 2 SC sandy clay 3 CL clay loam

http://globalchange.bnu.edu.cn/research/soilw#download. The following table describes the display of the soil

GSDE dataset is provided at 30 arc-seconds resolution (~1 km) and was downloaded from

texture classification classes in the USDA\_soiltexture\_combinedLayer\_GSDE\_NCRB.tif file (legend):

description

silty clay loam

•			t (Latifovic et al., 2012) for the NCRB in Geotiff ec.org/tools-and-resources/map-files/land-				
NALCMS_landcover							
•	rmat. The ME	•	M at a ~90 m resolution (Yamazaki et al., 2019) baded from http://hydro.iis.u-				
MERIT_hydro_DEM							
-100		NoData or missing data					
12	S	sand					
11	LS	loamy sand					
10	SI	silt					
9	SL	sandy loam					
8	SIL	silty loam					
7	L	loam					
6	SCL	sandy clay loam					

description

NoData

### Cell value (raster .tif) Value 0

Value 1

Value 2

Value 3

Value 7

Value 8

Value 9

NALCMS\_2015\_NCRB.tif file (legend):

Tropical or sub-tropical broadleaf deciduous forest Value 4 Temperate or sub-polar broadleaf deciduous forest Value 5 Mixed forest Value 6

Tropical or sub-tropical broadleaf evergreen forest

cover-2010-landsat-30m. The following table describes the display of the landcover classes in the

Temperate or sub-polar needleleaf forest

Sub-polar taiga needleleaf forest

Tropical or sub-tropical shrubland

Temperate or sub-polar shrubland

Tropical or sub-tropical grassland

	Temperate or sub-polar grassland					
Value 11	Sub-polar or polar shrubland-lichen-moss					
Value 12	Sub-polar or polar grassland-lichen-moss					
Value 13	Sub-polar or polar barren-lichen-moss					
Value 14	Wetland					
Value 15	Cropland	Cropland				
Value 16	Barren lands					
Value 17	Urban					
Value 18	Water					
Value 19 Snow and Ice						
RDRSv2_met_forcing  This directory contains the RDRS-v2 (Gasset et al., 2021) NetCDF forcing files at a daily timestep (used by most participating models) for the NCRB (Jan-2000 to Dec-2017). The RDRS-v2 data are available over North America at an approximately 10 km grid resolution and an hourly time scale from Jan-2000 to Dec-2017. RDRS-v2 data were downloaded from CaSPAr (www.caspar-data.ca). The original RDRS-v2 data are in UTC time and therefore, they were shifted -5h to be in local time and aggregated to daily values. The following table gives a brief description of the different variables of RDRS-v2 (RDRS-v2 variable name is included in the NetCDF file name):						
at an approximately were downloaded t they were shifted -	y 10 km grid resolution and an hourly time scale from Jan-2000 from CaSPAr (www.caspar-data.ca). The original RDRS-v2 data 5h to be in local time and aggregated to daily values. The follow	re available ov to Dec-2017. are in UTC tin ving table give	ver North ver North ver RDRS-v2 ne and the es a brief	America data erefore,		
at an approximately were downloaded t they were shifted -	y 10 km grid resolution and an hourly time scale from Jan-2000 from CaSPAr (www.caspar-data.ca). The original RDRS-v2 data 5h to be in local time and aggregated to daily values. The follow	re available ov to Dec-2017. are in UTC tin ving table give	ver North ver North ver RDRS-v2 ne and the es a brief	America data erefore,		
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at an approximately were downloaded to they were shifted description of the contract of the co	y 10 km grid resolution and an hourly time scale from Jan-2000 from CaSPAr (www.caspar-data.ca). The original RDRS-v2 data 5h to be in local time and aggregated to daily values. The follow different variables of RDRS-v2 (RDRS-v2 variable name is included variable long name  Variable long name  Quantity of precipitation (CaPA)	re available over to Dec-2017.  are in UTC ting table give led in the Net  Unit  m	ver North ver North ver RDRS-v2 ne and the established a brief CDF file ne comment of the established a brief CDF file	America data erefore, ame):  File size  ~10.5  GB  ~3.3		

## Surface pressure P0

HR

TT

**GLEAM\_AET** 

https://www.gleam.eu/.

ERA5-Land\_SWE

columns).

metrics) format.

References

Relative humidity

Air temperature

03 verification datasets

U-component of the wind (along the grid X axis) corrected ~16.6 UUC 10m kts GB for rotated grid V-component of the wind (along the grid Y axis) corrected ~16.6 **VVC** 10m kts for rotated grid GB Wind Modulus (derived using UU and VV). Note: To be used ~14.9 **UVC** kts 10m as input wind speed field. GB

Verification datasets were used to evaluate the candidate models. The datasets were cropped to the NCRB and

were aggregated or re-produced in NetCDF format for the convenience of the participating modelling teams.

The AET values from the GLEAM dataset (E variable from v3.5b dataset, mm/day; Martens et al., 2017) were

at a daily time resolution from 2003 to 2017 on a 0.25-degree grid globally and were downloaded from

cropped to the NCRB and are provided in a NetCDF format (Jan-2003 to Sep-2017). The GLEAM data are available

SWE values from ERA5-Land dataset (sd variable in the dataset, meters; Balsamo et al., 2015) were cropped to the

NCRB boundary for the simulation period (Oct-2000 to Sep-2017) and were aggregated to daily average values to

be used for model evaluation. The original ERA5-Land data are in UTC time and therefore, they were shifted -5h to

be in local time and aggregated to daily values. The ERA5-Land data are available at an hourly time resolution from

1950 to present at a 0.1-degree grid globally and were downloaded from https://doi.org/10.24381/cds.e2161bac.

~10.2

GB

~8.5

GB

~9.9

GB

~40m

SFC

1.5m

Fraction

mb

°C

# 04 model results This directory contains the results of the different models. Each model has its own parent directory and multiple

HYPE model (HYPE.zip) was used below for demonstration purposes.

• <u>Phase 0</u>: results for Phase 0 of the Nelson-MIP project

• Phase 1: results for Phase 1 of the Nelson-MIP project

have the same name code and format as Phase 0 above.

resolution (sub-watershed, native\_resolution) of HYPE.

• Flow: streamflow simulation results for the different simulated gauges in csv/xlsx format. The csv/xlsx files have the following name code: gaugeid\_modelname\_avg\_results.csv, for example, 05AA022\_HYPE\_avg\_results.csv is the streamflow simulation results for gauge 05AA022 for the HYPE model. Each simulated gauge has a separate file with the following column header (DATE -> date in yyyymm-dd format, QOBS -> observed flows in cms, and QSIM -> simulated flows in cms). The files may contain additional columns, but only DATE, QOBS, and QSIM are of importance (i.e., ignore the additional

o *Flow*: streamflow simulation results for the different simulated gauges in csv/xlsx format. The csv/xlsx files

lumped, sub-watershed or grid for semi-distributed models) in csv (timeseries) and shp (polygons and

<u>ERA5-Land obs SWE ts HYPE native res.csv</u>: ERA5-Land SWE values aggregated at the simulation

HYPE sim SWE ts native res.csv: HYPE's simulated SWE values at the simulation resolution (sub-

Hyd var: AET and SWE simulation results for the simulation resolution of the model (watershed for

child directories for different results. The following directory structure applies to any model. An example from the

■ GLEAM obs AET ts HYPE native res.csv: GLEAM AET values aggregated at the simulation resolution (sub-watershed, native\_resolution) of HYPE.

watershed, native\_resolution).

- <u>HYPE sim AET ts native res.csv</u>: HYPE's simulated AET values at the simulation resolution (subwatershed, native\_resolution). ■ <u>HYPE native res.shp</u>: ESRI shapefile with the geometry of HYPE's sub-watersheds (as delineated by the HYPE modelling team) with AET and SWE performance metrics (r and KGE)
- the SubID field identified from the HYPE\_native\_res.shp as the column header). The <u>00 flow KGE metrics</u> parent directory contains the KGE metric for the different phases, simulation periods, and models at the 132 gauges.

The csv files under the <u>Hyd\_var</u> directory have the following format: the first column is the date is in yyyy-

mm-dd format and the rest of the columns represent the timeseries of the hydrological variable (AET or

SWE based on file) for each simulation resolution unit (sub-watershed in case of HYPE) (the column has

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